



**PA16** 

## **Power Operational Amplifiers**

### **FEATURES**

- High Power Bandwidth 350 kHz
- Slew Rate 20V/µs
- Fast Settling Time 600ns
- Low Crossover Distortion Class A/B
- Low internal Losses 1.2V at 2A
- High Output Current ±5A Peak
- Low Input Bias Current FET Input
- Isolated Case 300 VDC

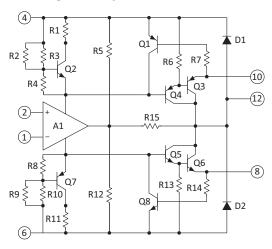
#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Motor, Valve, and Actuator Control
- Magnetic Deflection Circuits up to 5A
- Power Transducers up to 350 kHz
- Audio Amplifiers up to 44W RMS

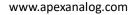
#### DESCRIPTION

The PA16 and PA16A are wideband, high output current operational amplifiers designed to drive resistive, inductive and capacitive loads. Their complementary "collector output" stage can swing close to the supply rails and is protected against inductive kickback. For optimum linearity, the output stage is biased for class A/B operation. The safe operating area (SOA) can be observed for all operating conditions by selection of user programmable, current limiting resistors (down to 10mA). Both amplifiers are internally compensated but are not recommended for use as unity gain followers. For continuous operation under load, mounting on a heatsink of proper rating is recommended.

These hybrid integrated circuits utilize thick film (cermet) resistors, ceramic capacitors and semiconductor chips to maximize reliability, minimize size and give top performance. Ultrasonically bonded aluminum wires provide reliable interconnections at all operating temperatures. The Power SIP is electrically isolated.



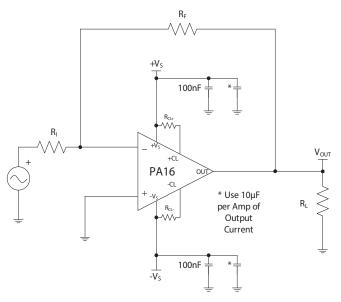
#### **Figure 1: Equivalent Schematic**





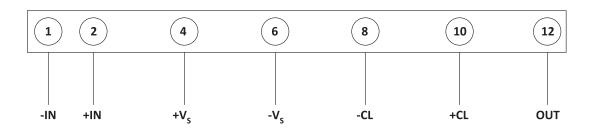
## **TYPICAL CONNECTION**

#### Figure 2: Typical Connection



## PINOUT AND DESCRIPTION TABLE

#### **Figure 3: External Connections**



Pin Number	Name	Description
1	-IN	The inverting input.
2	+IN	The non-inverting input.
4	+V <sub>S</sub>	The positive supply rail.
6	-V <sub>S</sub>	The negative supply rail.
8	-CL	Connect to the sinking current limit resistor. Power supply current flows out of this pin through R <sub>CL</sub> . The negative supply is connected to the other side of R <sub>CL</sub> .
10	+CL	Connect to the sourcing current limit resistor. Power supply current flows into this pin through $R_{CL}$ . The positive supply is connected to the other side of $R_{CL+}$ .
12	OUT	The output. Connect this pin to load and to the feedback resistors.
3, 5, 7, 9, 11	NC	No connection.



## **SPECIFICATIONS**

All Min/Max characteristics and specifications are guaranteed over the Specified Operating Conditions. Typical performance characteristics and specifications are derived from measurements taken at typical supply voltages and  $T_c = 25$ °C. The power supply voltage for all specifications is the TYP rating unless otherwise noted as a test condition. Full temperature specifications are guaranteed but not 100% tested.

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
Supply Voltage, total	+V <sub>S</sub> to -V <sub>S</sub>		38	V
Output Current, within SOA	I <sub>OUT</sub>		5	A
Power Dissipation, internal <sup>1</sup>	P <sub>D</sub>		62.5	W
Input Voltage, differential	V <sub>IN (Diff)</sub>	-30	30	V
Input Voltage, common mode	V <sub>CM</sub>	-V <sub>S</sub> + 2	+V <sub>S</sub> - 2	V
Temperature, pin solder, 10s max.			260	°C
Temperature, junction <sup>1</sup>	Тj		150	°C
Temperature Range, storage		-55	+125	°C
Operating Temperature Range, case	Τ <sub>C</sub>	-40	+85	°C

1. Long term operation at the maximum junction temperature will result in reduced product life. Derate power dissipation to achieve high MTTF.



The substrate contains beryllia (BeO). Do not crush, machine, or subject to temperatures in excess of 850°C to avoid generating toxic fumes.

# PA16 • PA16A



#### INPUT

Parameter	Test	PA16			PA16A			Units
Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Offset Voltage, initial			±5	±10		±1	±3	mV
Offset Voltage vs. Temperature	Full temp range		±10	±50		*	±25	μV/°C
Offset Voltage vs. Supply			±10			*		μV/V
Offset Voltage vs. Power			±6			*		μV/W
Bias Current, initial			50	200		25	100	pА
Bias Current vs. Temperature				200			*	pA/°C
Bias Current vs. Supply			0.01			*		pA/V
Offset Current, initial			25	100		15	50	pА
Offset Current vs. Temperature				100			*	pA/°C
Input Impedance, DC			1000			*		GΩ
Input Capacitance			3			*		pF
Common Mode Voltage Range, pos. <sup>1</sup>	Full temp range	+V <sub>S</sub> - 6	+V <sub>S</sub> - 3		*	*		V
Common Mode Voltage Range, neg. <sup>1</sup>	Full temp range	-V <sub>S</sub> + 6	-V <sub>S</sub> + 5		*	*		V
Common Mode Rejection, DC	Full temp range	70	100		*	*		dB

1. Exceeding CMV range can cause the output to latch.

## GAIN

Parameter	Test	PA16			PA16A			Units
Falameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onits
Open Loop @ 10 Hz	1 kΩ load		103			*		dB
Open Loop @ 10 Hz	Full temp range, 10 kΩ load	86	100		*	*		dB
Gain Bandwidth Product @ 1 MHz	10 Ω load		4.5			*		MHz
Power Bandwidth	10 Ω load		350			*		kHz
Phase Margin	Full temp range, 10 Ω load		30			*		0



#### OUTPUT

Parameter	Test	PA16			PA16A			Units
Falameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Voltage Swing <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 5A, R <sub>CL</sub> = 0.08 Ω	±V <sub>S</sub> -4	±V <sub>S</sub> -3		±V <sub>S</sub> -3	*		V
Voltage Swing <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 2A	±V <sub>S</sub> -2	±V <sub>S</sub> -1.2		±V <sub>S</sub> -1.2	*		V
Current, peak		5			*			А
Settling Time to 0.1%	2V step		0.6			*		μs
Slew Rate		13	20		*	*		V/µs
Capacitive Load	Full temp range, A <sub>V</sub> > 10		SOA			*		
Harmonic Distortion	$P_O = 5W, F = 1$ kHz, R <sub>L</sub> = 4 $\Omega$		0.028			*		%
Small Signal Rise/fall Time	$R_L = 10 \Omega,$ $A_V = 1$		100			*		ns
Small Signal Overshoot	$R_{L} = 10 \Omega,$ $A_{V} = 1$		10			*		%

1.  $+V_S$  and  $-V_S$  denote the positive and negative supply rail respectively. Total  $V_S$  is measured from  $+V_S$  to  $-V_S$ .

#### **POWER SUPPLY**

Parameter		PA16			PA16A			Units
Farameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onits
Voltage	Full temp range	±7	±15	±19	*	*	*	V
Current, quiescent			27	40		*	*	mA

#### THERMAL

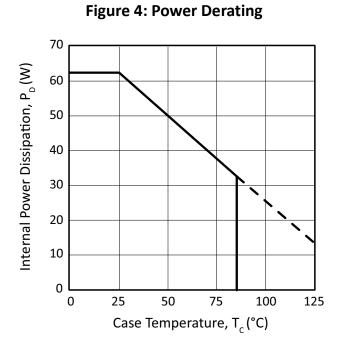
Parameter	Test	PA16			PA16A			Units
Falameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Resistance, AC, junction to case <sup>1</sup>	F > 60 Hz		1.4	1.63		*	*	°C/W
Resistance, DC, junction to case	F < 60 Hz		1.8	2.0		*	*	°C/W
Resistance, junction to air			30			*		°C/W
Temperature Range, case	Meets full range specs	-25		+85	*		*	°C

1. Rating applies if the output current alternates between both output transistors at a rate faster than 60 Hz.

**Note:** \*The specification of PA16A is identical to the specification for PA16 in applicable column to the left.

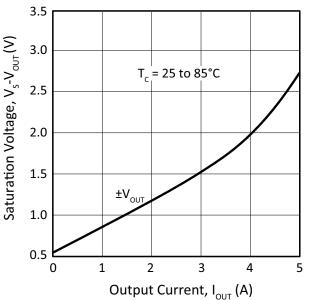


## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE GRAPHS**

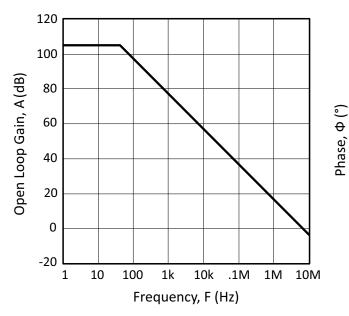


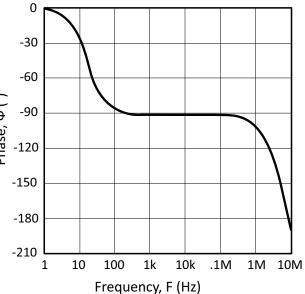








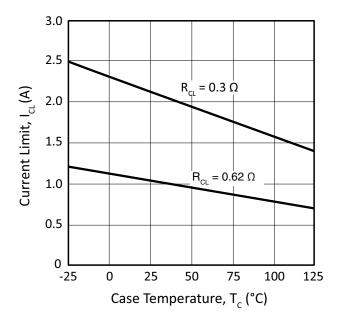


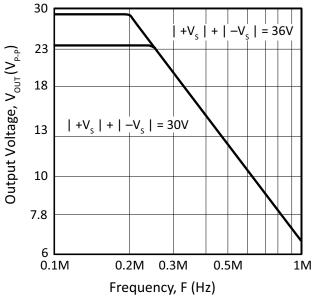




**Figure 8: Current Limit** 

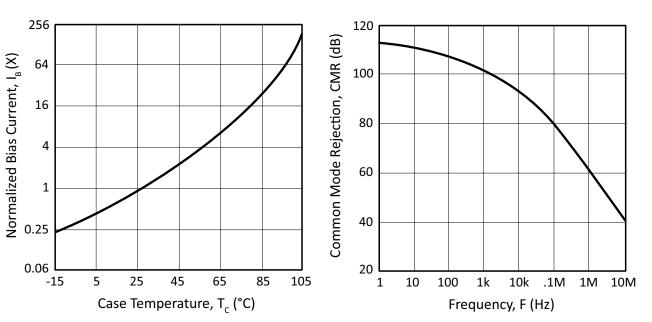
**Figure 9: Power Response** 





**Figure 10: Bias Current** 

Figure 11: Common Mode Rejection



3.0

2.5

2.0

1.5

1.0

0.5

0

1

2

3

4

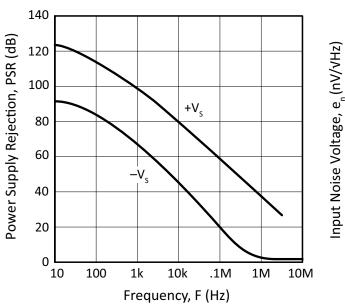
Output Change From Zero (V)

5

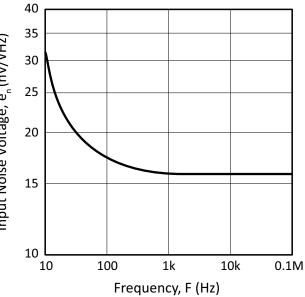
Time, t (µs)



Figure 13: Input Noise



**Figure 12: Power Supply Rejection** 



**Figure 14: Settling Time** 

1mV NO LOAD

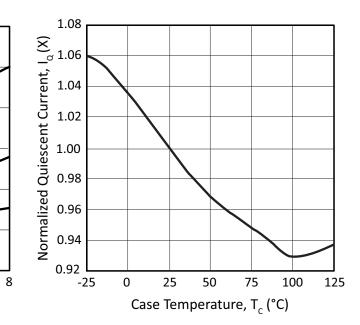
10mV NO LOAD

10mV 10 Ω LOAD

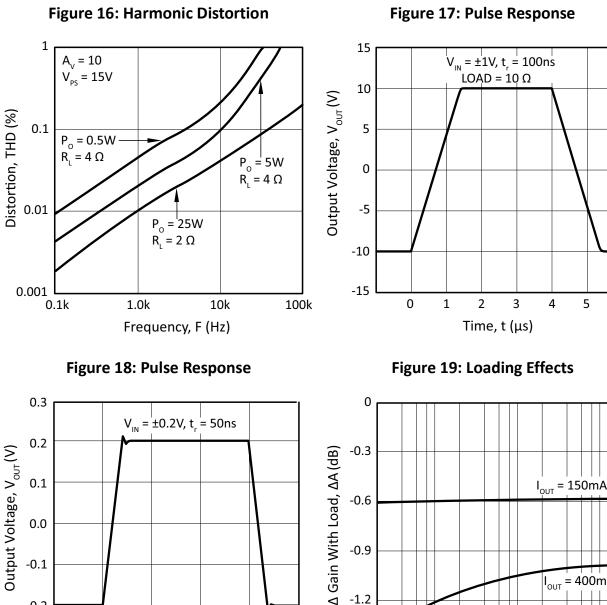
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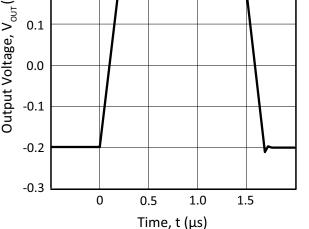
7

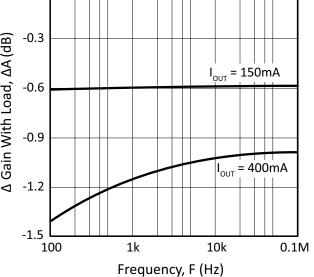
Figure 15: Quiescent Current













## SAFE OPERATING AREA (SOA)

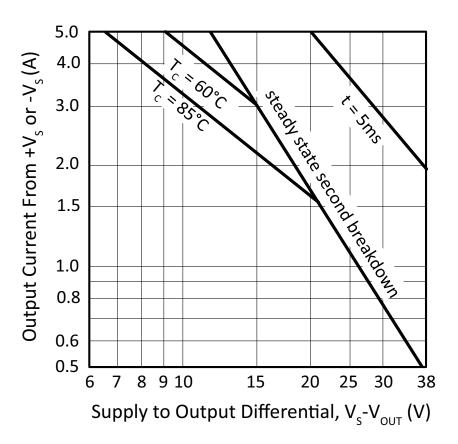
The SOA curves combine the effect of all limits for this Power Op Amp. For a given application, the direction and magnitude of the output current should be calculated or measured and checked against the SOA curves. This is simple for resistive loads but more complex for reactive and EMF generating loads. The following guidelines may save extensive analytical efforts:

The amplifier can handle any EMF generating or reactive load and short circuits to the supply rails or shorts to common if the current limits are set as follows at  $T_c = 85^{\circ}C$ .

±Vs	Short to ±V <sub>S</sub> C, L, or EMF Load	Short to Common
18V	0.9A	1.8A
15V	1.0A	2.1A
10V	1.6A	3.2A

These simplified limits may be exceeded with further analysis using the operating conditions for a specific application.







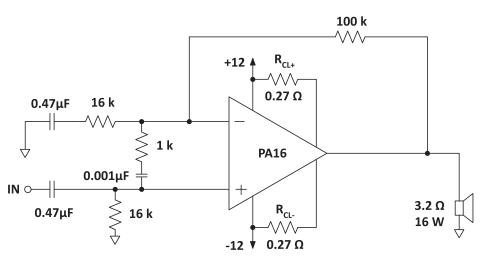
#### GENERAL

Please read Application Note 1 "General Operating Considerations" which covers stability, supplies, heat sinking, mounting, current limit, SOA interpretation, and specification interpretation. Visit www.apexanalog.com for Apex Microtechnology's complete Application Notes library, Technical Seminar Workbook, and Evaluation Kits.

## **TYPICAL APPLICATION**

#### Vehicular Sound System Power Stage

When system voltages are low and power is at a premium, the PA16 is a natural choice. The circuit below (figure 21) utilizes not only the feature of low internal loss of the PA16, but also its very low distortion level to implement a crystal clear audio amplifier suitable even for airborne applications. This circuit uses AC coupling of both the input signal and the gain circuit to render DC voltage across the speaker insignificant. The resistor and capacitor across the inputs form a stability enhancement network. The 0.27  $\Omega$  current limit resistors provide protection in the event of an output short circuit.



#### Figure 21: Typical Application

## **CURRENT LIMIT**

Proper operation requires the use of two current limit resistors, connected as shown in the external connection diagram. The minimum value for  $R_{CL}$  is 0.12  $\Omega$ , however for optimum reliability it should be set as high as possible. Refer to the "General Operating Considerations" section of the handbook for current limit adjust details.

## **DEVICE MOUNTING**

The case (mounting flange) is electrically isolated and should be mounted directly to a heatsink with thermal compound. Screws with Belville spring washers are recommended to maintain positive clamping pressure on heatsink mounting surfaces. Long periods of thermal cycling can loosen mounting screws and increase thermal resistance.

Since the case is electrically isolated (floating) with respect to the internal circuits it is recommended to connect it to common or other convenient AC ground potential.

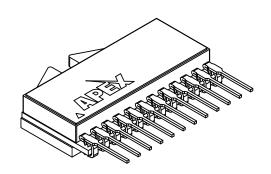
## **PA16 • PA16A**

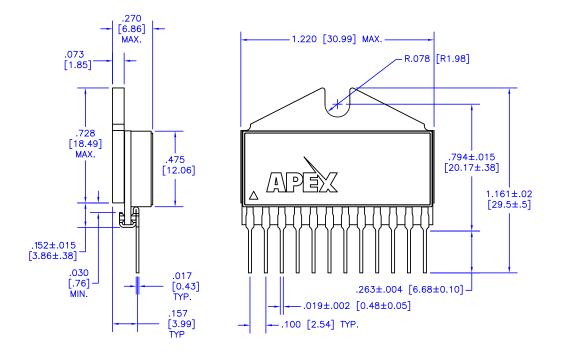


## **PACKAGE OPTIONS**

Part Number	Apex Package Style	Description
PA16	DP	12-pin SIP
PA16A	DP	12-pin SIP
PA16EE	EE	12-pin SIP w/ formed leads

#### PACKAGE STYLE DP



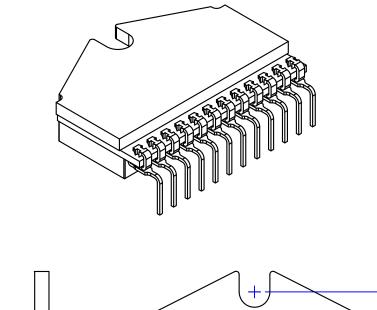


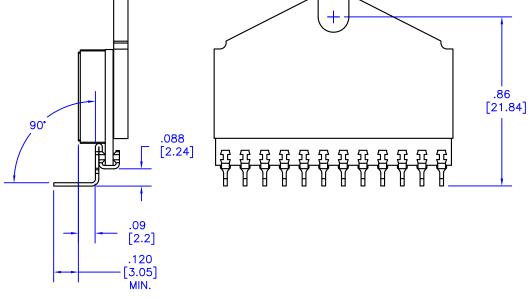
#### **NOTES:**

- Dimensions are inches & [mm]. 1.
- Dimensions are incres & [mm].
  Triangle on lid denotes pin 1.
  Pins: Alloy 510 phosphor bronze plated with matte tin (150 300μ") over nickel (50 μ" max.) underplate.
  Package: Vectra liquid crystal polymer, black
  Epoxy-sealed & ultrasonically welded non-hermetic package.
  Package weight: .367 oz. [11.41 g]



#### PACKAGE STYLE EE





### **NOTES:**

- Dimensions are inches & [mm].
  For other dimensions and information on this package with unformed leads, see package DP.



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